A1. Address Information

# GENERAL INFORMATION

Name of College or University:	Colorado College
Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country:	14 E. Cache La Poudre St. Colorado Springs, CO 80903
Main Phone Number:	719-389-6000
WWW Home Page Address:	www.coloradocollege.edu
Admissions Phone Number:	719-389-6344
Admissions Toll-free Number:	800-542-7214
Admissions Office Mailing Address:	See above
Admissions Fax Number:	719-389-6816
Admissions E-mail Address:	admissions@coloradocollege.edu
,	line application, please specify:over to which applications should be sent, please provide:
<b>A2.</b> Source of institutional control (check one only)	
<ul><li>☐ Public</li><li>☑ Private (nonprofit)</li><li>☐ Proprietary</li></ul>	
A3. Classify your undergraduate institution:	
<ul><li>☐ Coeducational college</li><li>☐ Men's college</li><li>☐ Women's college</li></ul>	
A4. Academic year calendar	
Semester ☐ 4-1-4	
Quarter Continuous	
☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by program (c	lescribe)·
Other (describe): Block Plan (eight 3 ½ week	
Source (describe). Block I fair (eight 5 /2 week	olocks)
A5. Degrees offered by your institution	
☐ Certificate       ☐ Postbachelor's c         ☐ Diploma       ☐ Master's         ☐ Associate       ☐ Post-master's ce         ☐ Transfer       ☐ Doctoral degree         research/scholarship       ☐ Doctoral degree         ☐ Terminal       ☐ Doctoral practice         ☐ Bachelor's       ☐ Doctoral degree	rtificate
✓ Dacticion's □ Doctoral degree	outer

# **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women:** Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of **October 15, 2009**. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

	FULL-T	TIME	PART-	TIME
	Men Women		Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time				
freshmen	251	275		
Other first-year, degree-				
seeking	41	22		
All other degree-seeking	621	746		
	631	746		
Total degree-seeking	923	1,043		
All other undergraduates	720	2,010		
enrolled in credit courses			11	23
Total undergraduates				23
	923	1,043	11	23
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time				
All other degree-seeking				
	13	16		
All other graduates enrolled				
in credit courses				3
Total graduate	13	16		3
	13	10		3

**Total all undergraduates**: 2,000

**Total all graduate**: 32

**GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS**: 2,032

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2009. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-seeking	Degree-seeking	Total
	First-time First year	Undergraduates	Undergraduates
		(include first-time	(both degree- and
		first-year)	non-degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	18	69	102
Black, non-Hispanic	12	37	37
American Indian or Alaska Native	6	16	16
Asian or Pacific Islander	35	127	127
Hispanic	26	129	129
White, non-Hispanic	416	1,517	1,518
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	13	71	71
Total	526	1,966	2,000

#### **Persistence**

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2008, to June 30, 2009.

Certificate/diploma

Associate degrees

Bachelor's degrees 510

Post bachelor's certificates

Master's degrees

Post-master's certificates

Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship

Doctoral degrees – professional practice

Doctoral degrees - other

## **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS).

# For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2003 cohort if available. If Fall 2003 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2002 cohort.

#### Fall 2002 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall\_2002. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2002.

- **B4.** Initial **2002** cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: **484**
- **B5.** Of the initial **2002** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces,

#### Fall 2003 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2003. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2003.

- **B4.** Initial 2003 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: **526**
- **B5.** Of the initial **2003** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces,

foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: **1** 

**B6.** Final 2002 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 483

(Subtract question B5 from question B4)

- **B7.** Of the initial **2002** cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2006): **384**
- **B8**. Of the initial **2002** cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2006 and by August 31, 2007): **33**
- **B9.** Of the initial **2002** cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2007 and by August 31, 2008): **2**
- **B10**. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 419
- **B11.** Six-year graduation rate for **2002** cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): 87%

foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: 1

**B6.** Final **2003** cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: **525** 

(Subtract question B5 from question B4)

- **B7.** Of the initial **2003** cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2007): **424**
- **B8**. Of the initial **2003** cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2007 and by August 31, 2008): **14**
- **B9.** Of the initial **2003** cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009): **7**
- **B10**. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 445
- **B11.** Six-year graduation rate for **2003** cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): **85%**

# **Retention Rates**

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2008 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

**B22.** For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2008 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2009? **94%** 

# C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

•	1	•		
/A 1	nn	100	tia	nc
	v	lica	uw	1112

Applications C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 200 who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed a one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students.	9. Include early decision, early action, and students include only those students who fulfilled the actionable applications) and who have been notified of on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	2,225
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) <b>women</b> who applied	2,716
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants - no gender Total first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants	4,941
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	698
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	902
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) admitted	1,600
Total full-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled	251
Total part-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled	0
Total full-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled	275
Total part-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled	0
Total full-time, first-time, first-year students who enrolled:	526
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission recontingent on space availability)  Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?   Ye If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2009 admissions:	es 🔲 No
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list: 775  Number accepting a place on the waiting list: 324  Number of wait-listed students admitted: 24	
Is your waiting list ranked? No	
Admission Requirements  C3. High school completion requirement  Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion  High school diploma is required and GED is accepted  High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted  High school diploma or equivalent is not required	n requirement for degree-seeking entering students:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-p	preparatory program for degree-seeking students?
Require	
Recommend	
Neither required nor recommend	

**C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended.** Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	16	20
English	4	4
Mathematics		
Science		
Of these, units that must be lab		
Foreign language		
Social studies		
History		
Academic electives		
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		_
Other (specify)		

## **Basis for Selection**

- **C6.** Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? **No**
- C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

degree-seeking (freshman) admission	decisions.			
	Very Important	Important	Considered	<b>Not Considered</b>
Academic Rigor of secondary school record Class rank Academic GPA Standardized test scores Application Essay Recommendation				
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities First generation Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Racial/ethnic status Volunteer work Work experience Level of applicant's interest SAT and ACT Policies				

# **C8.** Entrance exams

A. Does your institution make use of SAT,	ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission	decisions for first-time, first-year,
degree-seeking applicants? Xes	No	

If yes, plac	e check marks in the a	ppropriate boxes	below to ref	lect your insti	itution's polic	cies for use in	admission for
<b>Fall 2011</b>							

			Al	DMISSION		
		Require	Recommend	Require for	Consider If	Not Used
ACT SAT	F or ACT F only F only F and SAT Subject Tests or			Some	Submitted	
	Subject Tests					
Fall 2010 admissio ACT ACT ACT ACT ACT	or institution will make use of the constitution will make use of the constitution of the constitution with Writing component requirements with Writing component record with or without Writing components indicate how your institution of the constitution of the const	of the following ired mmended.	ng applies (regard	less of whether t	he writing score	will be used in the
			SAT essay	ACT essay		
	For admission			<u> </u>		
	For placement					
	For advising					
	In place of an application ess	ay				
	As a validity check on the ap	plication essa	ıy 🗆			
	No college policy as of now					
	Not using essay component					
E. Late Late F. If ne	est date by which SAT or ACT est date by which SAT Subject of Secessary, use this space to clarify required of some students):	scores must b	ne received for fall	-term admission r fall-term admi	: <u>1/15</u> ssion:	dents, or if tests are
	ase indicate which tests your in	stitution uses	for <b>placement (e.</b>	g., state tests):		
AP CLE Insti	□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □					

# Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in Fall 2009, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2009 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.

The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores: 56% Number submitting SAT scores: 29
Percent submitting ACT scores: 44% Number submitting ACT scores: 23

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	620	710
SAT Math	620	710
SAT Writing	610	710
SAT Essay	NA	NA
ACT Composite	28	31
ACT Math	26	31
ACT English	28	33
ACT Writing	NA	NA

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	30.51%	29.83%	29.49%
600-699	53.90%	54.24%	53.22%
500-599	14.58%	14.58%	15.59%
400-499	1.02%	1.36%	1.69%
300-399	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
200-299	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

	ACT	ACT English	ACT Math
	Composite		
30-36	48.92%	64.07%	30.74%
24-29	45.02%	28.57%	61.04%
18-23	6.06%	6.93%	7.79%
12-17	0.00%	0.43%	0.43%
6-11	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-y each of the following ranges (report information information).					
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class. Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class. Percent in top half of high school graduating class. Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class. Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduatin Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) stu	ass: 87% : 99% lass: 1%_ g class	- - } To		m half = 100%. ss rank: <b>37%</b>	
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first point averages within each of the following range from whom you collected high school GPA.					
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24					
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49					
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	100%				
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) stu <b>Admission Policies</b>	idents who su	ibmitted h	igh school GP.	A:%	
C13. Application fee					
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: <b>\$50</b>		⊠ Yes	□ No		
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need	1?	⊠ Yes	□ No		
If you have an application fee and an on-line application fee: X Free: Reduced:	ation option	, please in	dicate policy	for students wl	no apply on-line
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants	s with finan	cial need?	Yes		
C14. Application closing date					
Does your institution have an application closing date (fall): 1/15 Priority date: 1/15	late?	⊠ Yes	□No		
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for	terms other	than the	fall? ⊠ Yes	□ No	
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision	n sent (fill in	one only)			
On a rolling basis beginning (date):  By (date): 4/1 Other:	-				

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date):
No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within 2 weeks if notified thereafter
Other:
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): 6/29
Amount of housing deposit: \$200 Refundable if student does not enroll?
X Yes, in full*
Yes, in part
No
*If notice of intent not to occupy housing is received before May 1 preceding the fall semester or November 1 preceding the spring semester for continuing students.
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?  ☐ Yes ☐ No
If yes, maximum period of postponement: 1 year, though we do make exceptions for longer periods
<b>C19. Early admission of high school students:</b> Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? ☐ Yes ☒ No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
<b>C21. Early decision:</b> Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?   ☐ Yes ☐ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date:  First or only early decision plan notification date:  11/15 12/20
Other early decision plan closing date:  Other early decision plan notification date:  2/10
For the Fall 2009 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution  Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan  168
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
<b>C22.</b> Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?
⊠ Yes □ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date  Early action notification date  11/15  1/15
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
☐ Yes            No

# D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

	2009.	Applicants	nts who applied, wer		Enrolled Ap			
	Men	163	28		19			
	Women	264	42		17			
	Total	ts of unknown ge	70		36			
D.4	3.6	C 1: .1		c	11.	1 1		1 0
	Yes If yes, what	No is the minimum	ve a minimum number number of credits and fransfer students to	d the ı	unit of measure	e? 16 semester hou		shman?
	Yes If yes, what	No is the minimum	number of credits and	d the u	unit of measure	e? 16 semester hou		shman?  Not requir
	Yes If yes, what Indicate all i	No is the minimum	number of credits and fransfer students to Required	d the u	unit of measure for admission:	Recommended	Required of	_
	Yes If yes, what Indicate all i	No is the minimum tems required of	number of credits and fransfer students to Required of All	d the u	unit of measure for admission:	Recommended	Required of	_
	Yes If yes, what Indicate all i High school College tra Essay or pe	No is the minimum tems required of	number of credits and f transfer students to Required of All X	d the u	unit of measure for admission:	Recommended	Required of	_
	Yes If yes, what Indicate all i High school College tra Essay or por Interview	No is the minimum tems required of ol transcript inscript(s) ersonal statemen	rumber of credits and fransfer students to Required of All X X t X	d the u	unit of measure for admission:	Recommended	Required of	_
	Yes If yes, what Indicate all i High school College tra Essay or politication Interview Standardiz	No is the minimum tems required of ol transcript inscript(s) ersonal statemen ed test scores	rumber of credits and fransfer students to   Required of All    X    X    t    X	d the u	unit of measure for admission: commended of All	Recommended	Required of	_
	Yes If yes, what Indicate all i High school College tra Essay or por Interview Standardiz Statement	No is the minimum tems required of ol transcript inscript(s) ersonal statemen	rumber of credits and fransfer students to Required of All X X t X	d the u	unit of measure for admission: commended of All	Recommended	Required of	_

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	<b>Closing Date</b>	<b>Notification Date</b>	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall	3/1	3/1	5/1	5/15	
Winter					
Spring	11/1	11/1	12/1	12/15	
Summer					

<b>D10.</b> Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? ☐ Yes ☒ No
<b>D11</b> . Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:
Transfer Credit Policies
<b>D12.</b> Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: $\Box$
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number Unit type
D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number Unit type
<b>D15.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:
<b>D16.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 64 semester hrs.
D17 Describe other transfer credit policies:

7. Describe other transfer credit policies:

http://www.coloradocollege.edu/offices/registrar/transfer-credit-guidelines.dot

# E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs	available at your histitution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
Accelerated program	Honors program
Cooperative education program	Independent study
Cross-registration	
Distance learning	Liberal arts/career combination
Double major	Student-designed major
Dual enrollment	Study abroad
English as a Second Language (ESL)	Teacher certification program*
Exchange student program (domestic)	Weekend college
External degree program	
Other (specify):	
*Teacher Licensure program available; co-oper	rative 3-2, 4-2, & 3-3 arrangements available
	•
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.	
E3. Areas in which all or most students are requi	red to complete some course work prior to graduation:
Arts/fine arts	Humanities
Computer literacy	Mathematics
English (including composition)	Philosophy
Foreign languages	Sciences (biological or physical)
History	Social science
Other (describe):	
Library Collections: The CDS publishers will coll	lect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in

place.

## F. STUDENT LIFE

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2009 who fit the following categories: First-time, first-year Undergraduates (freshman) students Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator) Percent of men who join fraternities Percent of women who join sororities Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing Percent who live off campus or commute Percent of students age 25 and older Average age of full-time students Average age of all students (full- and part-time) **F2.** Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution. Literary magazine Radio station Campus Ministries Marching band Choral groups Student government X Student newspaper Concert band Model UN Student-run film society □ Dance Music ensembles ☐ Drama/theater Musical theater Symphony orchestra International Student Opera ☐ Television station Organization Pep band X Yearbook \*Students may engage with CC Chamber Orchestra and local groups such as Colorado Springs Symphony Orchestra or Opera Theater of the Rockies **F3. ROTC** (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps) Army ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name): University of Colorado, Colorado Springs Naval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name): Air Force ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name): F4. Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution. Coed dorms Special housing for disabled students Men's dorms Special housing for international students Women's dorms ☐ Fraternity/sorority housing Apartments for married students Cooperative housing Apartments for single students Theme housing Wellness housing Other housing options (specify): Greek housing available for fraternities only

# G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2010-2011 academic year costs of institution.	of attendance for the following	categories that are applicable	to your
Check here if your institution's 2010-20 approximate date (i.e., month/day) who available:			
G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, req List the typical tuition, required fees, a academic year (30 semester hours or 4: cost by number of credits). A full acad- usually equated to two semesters, two to board is defined as double occupancy a charges that all full-time students must not include optional fees (e.g., parking	nd room and board for a full-tim 5 quarter hours for institutions th emic year refers to the period of trimesters, three quarters, or the p and 19 meals per week or the ma pay that are <i>not</i> included in tuiti	at derive annual tuition by mult time generally extending from S period covered by a four-one-fo ximum meal plan. <b>Required fe</b>	ciplying credit hour September to June; our plan. Room and es include only
	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	
PRIVATE INSTITUTION Tuition: PUBLIC INSTITUTION Tuition: In-district:	\$38,398	\$38,398	
In-state (out-of-district):			
Out-of-state: NONRESIDENT ALIEN: Tuition:			
REQUIRED FEES:	\$350	\$350	
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus) ROOM ONLY:			
(on-campus)	\$5,184	\$5,184	
BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)	\$4,232	\$4,232	
Comprehensive tuition and room and fees):	d board fee (if your college canno	ot provide separate tuition and a	
Other: Required fees reflect \$350 St \$150 General Obligation Depo enrollment. Board plan reflects	sit required of First-year student		
G2. Number of credits per term a stude minimum: 12 (3 units) maximum: 16 (** *1 unit on the block system = 4 credit hour	4 units)	ime tuition:	
G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of s		senior)?	No No
G4. Do tuition and fees vary by undergra	aduate instructional program?	Yes	No No
If yes, what percentage of full-time unde	rgraduates pay more than the	tuition and fees reported in G	1?

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1,116	\$1,116	\$1,116
Room only:			\$5,184
Board only:			\$4,232
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
Transportation:			\$550
Other expenses:	\$920	\$920	\$920

# **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	\$1,614.5
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

## H. FINANCIAL AID

# Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

## Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

# Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2008-2009 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2008-2009 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

dicate the academic year for which data are reported for <b>items H1</b> , <b>H2</b> , <b>H2A</b> , and <b>H6</b> below: 2009-2010 estimated or 2008-2009 final	
Thich needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H	3)
_ Federal methodology (FM)	
Institutional methodology (IM)	
K_Both FM and IM	

	Need-based (Include non-need-based	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based
	aid use to meet need.)	aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal		
	\$1,130,478	\$17,458
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in		
which your institution is located)	\$229,195	
Institutional: Endowed scholarships,		
annual gifts and tuition funded grants,		
awarded by the college, excluding athletic		
aid and tuition waivers (which are		
reported below).	\$17,547,568	\$4,775,525
Scholarships/grants from external sources		
(e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not		
awarded by the college	\$451,109	\$833,934
Total Scholarships/Grants		
	\$19,358,350	\$5,626,917
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding		
parent loans)		
	\$1,863,707	\$2,089,364
Federal Work-Study		
	\$351,112	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work-		
study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal		
Work-Study captured above.)	\$200,157	\$112,879
Total Self-Help		
	\$2,414,976	\$2,202,243
Parent Loans	\$197,469	\$2,039,489
Tuition Waivers		
Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition		
waivers in this row if you choose to report		
them. Do not report tuition waivers		
elsewhere.	\$196,213	\$558,564
Athletic Awards	\$134,339	\$1,258,873

**H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	aiso de counted as run-time undergraduates.	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2011 cohort)	526	1966	
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	233	870	0
c)	Number of students in line ${\bf b}$ who were determined to have financial need	183	722	0
d)	Number of students in line <b>c</b> who were awarded any financial aid	183	722	0
e)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	174	698	0
f)	Number of students in line $\mathbf{d}$ who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	122	477	0
g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	55	208	0
h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met ( <u>exclude PLUS</u> loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100	345	0
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	92.0%	92.0%	0.0%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d.</b> Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 29,359	\$ 30,203	\$ -
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$ 28,241	\$ 28,207	\$ -
1)	Average need-based self-help award ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b>	\$ 3,759	\$ 4,439	\$ -
m)	Average need-based loan ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b> who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 2,444	\$ 3,284	\$ -

**H2A.** Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	40	202	0
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line <b>n</b>	\$ 10,276	\$ 17,773	\$ 0
p)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	11	40	0
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line <b>p</b>	\$ 31,743	\$ 31,471	\$ 0

**Note:** These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.

#### Include:

- \* 2009 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2009 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2009.
- \* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- co-signed loans.

#### Exclude:

- \* those who transferred in.
- money borrowed at other institutions.
- H4. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. 35%
- H4a. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.
- H5. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4. \$16,172
- H5a. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans. \$14,122

**Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens** (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

Н6.	<ul> <li>Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:</li> <li>Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available</li> <li>Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available</li> </ul>
	Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: <u>56</u>
	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$44,966
	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$2,518,109
H7.	. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
	Institution's own financial aid form
$\overline{\boxtimes}$	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
	International Student's Financial Aid Application
	International Student's Certification of Finances
	Other:

# **Process for First-Year/Freshman Students**

<b>H8.</b> Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
<ul> <li>□ Institution's own financial aid form</li> <li>□ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE</li> <li>□ State aid form</li> <li>□ Noncustodial PROFILE</li> <li>□ Business/Farm Supplement</li> <li>□ Other: Federal 1040 tax forms and W-2s for parents and student</li> </ul>
<b>H9.</b> Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: 2/15; 11/15 for Early Decision (ED) 1 & Early Action; 1/1 for E Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: 2/15; 11/15 for Early Decision (ED) 1 & Early Action; 1/1 for ED 2 No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):
H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
a.) Students notified on or about (date): Mid-March for regular action; late December for Early Decision Round 1 and Early Action; February for Early Decision
b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: yes/no  If yes, starting date:
H11. Indicate reply dates:
Students must reply by (date): May 1 for regular action and early action; earlier for early decision
Types of Aid Available
Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12. Loans
FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)  Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans  Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans  Direct PLUS Loans
Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13. Scholarships and Grants
NEED-BASED:  ☐ Federal Pell ☐ SEOG ☐ State scholarships/grants ☐ Private scholarships ☐ College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds ☐ United Negro College Fund ☐ Federal Nursing Scholarship

Other (specify): Federal ACG & SMART Grants

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics			Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
		Art			Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
		ROTC			

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a
certain income level please provide details below:
<del></del>

## I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2009. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

*Part-time instructional faculty:* Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

*Terminal master's degree*: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time*	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	164	33	197
b.) Total number who are members of minority			
groups	29		29
c.) Total number who are women	69		69
d.) Total number who are men	95		95
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens			
(international)	6		6
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other			
terminal degree	160		160
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a			
master's but not a terminal master's	4		4
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a			
bachelor's	0		0
i.) Total number whose highest degree is			
unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i			
must sum up to item <b>a</b> .)	0		0
j.) Total number in stand-alone			
graduate/professional programs in which faculty			
teach virtually only graduate-level students	2		2

<sup>\*</sup>PT faculty number is FTE'd based on teaching load so we do not use the 1/3 calculation for the student/faculty ratio.

# I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2009 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2009 Student to Faculty ratio: 10 to 1 (based on 1966 students and 195 faculty).

## I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2009 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2009. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

## **Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

**Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)** 

Chacigiadate Class Size (provide numbers)								
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS								
SECTIONS	90	158	160	5	0	0	0	413

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-								
SECTIONS								

# J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

# Degrees conferred between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2009

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2<sup>nd</sup> major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1<sup>st</sup> majors only.

Category	Diploma/	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories
A	Certificates			to Include
Agriculture			40/	1
Natural resources and conservation			4%	3
Architecture			20/	4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies			3%	5
Communication/journalism				9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences				11
Personal and culinary services				12
Education				13
Engineering				14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			4%	16
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/legal studies				22
English			8%	23
Liberal arts/general studies			3%	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			13%	26
Mathematics and statistics			1%	27
Military science and military technologies				28 and 29
Interdisciplinary studies			3%	30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies			6%	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			6%	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			4%	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement,				43
firefighting, and protective services				
Public administration and social services				44
Social sciences			30%	45
Construction trades				46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials moving				49
Visual and performing arts			10%	50
Health professions and related programs				51
Business/marketing				52
History			5%	54
Other			370	J-1
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

#### **Common Data Set Definitions**

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- \*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

**American Indian or Alaska Native:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

**Applicant (first-time, first year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian or Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

**Associate degree:** An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

**Board** (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

**Campus Ministry:** Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative education program:** A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctor's degree-research/scholarship**: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M., and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

**Doctor's degree-professional practice**: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

**Doctor's degree-other**: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

**English as a Second Language (ESL):** A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time, first-year (freshman) student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average (academic high school GPA):** The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**International student group:** Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree**: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Model United Nations:** A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

**Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

**Trimester calendar system:** An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

**Unit:** a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

**White, non-Hispanic:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

# **Financial Aid Definitions**

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

# Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.